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# wabisabi Documentation

*Release 0.3.0+dirty*

**Mark Harfouche**

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# wabisabi

[\[!pypi\]](https://img.shields.io/pypi/v/wabisabi.svg)
[!\[\]\(2e897e890e69d81eae4503a8342c36b0\_img.jpg\)](https://pypi.python.org/pypi/wabisabi)
[\[!Travis\]](https://img.shields.io/travis/hmaarrfk/wabisabi.svg)
[!\[\]\(ce4e2504c7100a62a9a9496b2e01b6e4\_img.jpg\)](https://travis-ci.org/hmaarrfk/wabisabi)
[\[!Docs\]](https://readthedocs.org/projects/wabisabi/badge/?version=latest)
[!\[\]\(d6653e1cf2c96f17cfd897a08e4b2bd5\_img.jpg\)](https://wabisabi.readthedocs.io/en/latest/?badge=latest)

Python3 wabisabi. Automatically write boilerplate code for many kinds of deprecations through python decorators.

- Free software: [\[BSD license\]](#)(LICENSE)
- [\[Documentation\]](#)(<https://wabisabi.readthedocs.io>)

Link above not working for now: <https://deprecation-factory.readthedocs.io/en/latest/?badge=latest>

## Motivations Breaking things is important! Breaking other's things is just mean!

The goal of deprecations is to warn other library writers that their code is about to break so you can keep making aggressive changes to your own.

Often when you want to deprecate a feature, you end up following a procedure similar to

1. Make the useful modification to your code.
2. Decide on when the old behaviour should be switched over.
3. Add warnings INSIDE your function to warn users.
4. Change the function signature to something non-sensical to detect the default behaviour.
5. Add messages in the documentation (numpydoc compatible)

Finally, when the behaviour is official deprecated, you need to do all these changes again.

6. Remove the warnings.
7. Remove the documentation messages.
8. Remove the old behaviour.
9. Change the function signature back to something useful.

The goal of this library is to allow you to shortcut steps 3-9. You shouldn't have to revisit the deprecation long after you completed implementing your new features. You write your code how it is **supposed to look**, this library, makes ensures your users have enough time to update their code.

This library

- Modifies function signatures so to ensure correctness for the current version. This should help with autocompletions.
- Adds a warning section to the docstrings. An attempt is made to properly indent the docstring.
- Point the user to **their** line of code, so that they know where to make the appropriate modification.
- Leaving deprecators in place after the desired threshold results in a noop. This means that you can be lazy about ripping them out of code. Deprecations should not have to be blockers for your development.
- If numpydoc > 0.7 is installed, the "Warns" sections are combined into a single section allowing you to chain deprecators.

## Installation

While you can depend on this, I strongly recommend you version the files you need in your project as the API is highly likely to change and break your code.

## Current deprecators

- Deprecator for change of default values in *kwargs*. Handles *kwargs* passed as positional arguments too!

- Transitionning to keyword only arguments.
- *kwarg* renaming

### ## Future deprecators

- Swapping the order of positional arguments
- Making an old *kwarg* a mandatory positional *arg*
- Feature requests are welcome!

### ## Development Lead

- Mark Harfouche

### ## Contributors

Could be you!

### How to contribute Ready to contribute? We use the standard github contribution model. scikit-image has a great [writeup](<http://scikit-image.org/docs/dev/contribute.html>) on how to setup your environment. Adapt it for our environment.

### ##### Cookiecutter

This package was created with [Cookiecutter](<https://github.com/audreyr/cookiecutter>) and the [audreyr/cookiecutter-pypackage](<https://github.com/audreyr/cookiecutter-pypackage>) project template.

## INSTALLATION

Deprecation Factory is meant to be a project dependency and not installed directly by the end user. As such, we assume that you know how to manage dependencies for your project.

Deprecation Factory only depends on the Python standard library keeping it lightweight. This package is available both on [PyPi](#) and [conda-forge](#).





## USAGE

This project is meant to be used by library developers. You are meant to use `functools.partial` as a shortcut to set things like your friendly library name, and the current library version.

In something like your project's `utils` file, you should include adapted versions of this code:

```
from wabisabi import kwnly_change
from wabisabi import default_parameter_change

from functools import partial
from ..__init__ import __version__ # or the applicable line

default_parameter_change = partial(default_parameter_change,
                                   current_library_version=__version__,
                                   library_name='mylib')
kwnly_change = partial(kwnly_change,
                       library_name='my super lib',
                       current_library_version=__version__)
```

After this, you can use the decorators to deprecated functions how you please



## WABISABI

`wabisabi.default_parameter_change(version, old_kwargs, library_name, current_library_version)`

Deprecates a default value for a kwarg.

If the software version is greater or equal to that of `version`, this decorator returns the original function without any modifications.

If the user doesn't specify a parameter that will change default values, it will issue a `FutureWarning` pointing to the line of his code, in a single warning for all changes in the default parameters.

It also modifies the `__signature__` of the function so that the function appears to have the default parameters to whatever the default values are in the current version of the function.

Finally, if a docstring is provided, it appends a warning message compatible `numpydoc`.

### Parameters

**version: version-like**

The version in which the parameter will take the new default value. If the software version reaches this value, the new default will be taken on without warning.

**old\_kwargs:**

The list of keyword arguments, with their old default values specified, as a dictionary. You should be able to copy paste your old keyword arguments and put them in a *dict*.

**library\_name**

[str] The human readable name for your library.

**current\_library\_version**

[version-like] The current version of your library.

### Examples

```
>>> @default_parameter_change('0.16', doc(this='tim'))
... def foo(this='foo', bar='zip'):
...     "Prints your parameter.
...
...     **This function has a deprecation decorator set to '0.16'**
...
...     Parameters
...     -----
...     this : str
...         This is the string parameter that should be printed
...
... 
```

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```

...     """
...     print(bar)
...     return this

```

`wabisabi.kwonly_change(version, previous_arg_order=None, keep_old_signature=False, library_name=None, current_library_version=None)`

Returns a decorator that enforces a smaller number of positional arguments.

If the current library version is smaller than version in which the new signature takes effect, this deprecator will:

Issue a warnign pointing to the user's code if they call a function with too many positional arguments.

If you want to move the new keyword only arguments after the keyword only seperator, you should specify a list with the previous order of arguments as the parameter `previous_arg_order`. If this parameter is not specified, it is assumed that the previous function signature allowed all parameters to be specified as either positional or keyword arguments.

### Parameters

**version: version-like**

Version in which the new function signature takes full effect.

**previous\_arg\_order: list of strings or ``None``**

If the function previously had keyword only arguments, you should use this to specify the names of previous positional arguments. If set to none, it is assumed that the previous version of the function would accept all parameters as positional or keyword arguments. Specifying this also allows you to re-order the new keyword only. To re-iterate, you cannot swap the order of positional arguments with this deprecator.

**keep\_old\_signature: bool**

If set to true, the signature will reflect the previous signature of the function. This is not recommended since showing new users the keyword-only version of the signature will not cause them to write wrong code. If they follow the new signature, their code will be correct and they will avoid the `FutureWarning`.

**library\_name: str**

Friendly library name to include in warning messages

**current\_library\_version: version-like**

The current version of the shipped library (typically your module's `__version__`).

### Examples

```

>>> from wabisabi import kwonly_change
>>> import functools
>>>
>>> kwonly_change = functools.partial(kwonly_change,
...                                 library_name='my super lib',
...                                 current_library_version='0.14')
>>> @kwonly_change('0.15')
... def foo_new(zip='zip', *, bar='hello', baz='world'):
...     return zip + bar + baz

```

## USAGE EXAMPLES

### 4.1 Argument default value

One important advantage of using these decorators is that they ensure that the docstrings are correct. This module has as hypothetical version number of `0.14`. Click on the source links to see what the source looks like for each of these functions.

Look at the doc page to see how your users would see your documetnation.

```
default_value.foo(this='that')
```

Prints your parameter.

**This function has no deprecation decorator.**

#### Parameters

**this**

[str] This is the string parameter that should be printed

```
default_value.foo_deprecated(two=2, this='tim', one=1)
```

Prints your parameter.

**This function has a deprecation decorator set to '0.16'**

#### Parameters

**this**

[str] This is the string parameter that should be printed

#### Warns

##### FutureWarning

In release 0.16 of my super lib, this function will take on new default value(s) for the following keyword argument(s):

*this : 'tim' -> 'that'*

To avoid this warning in your code, specify the value of all listed keyword arguments.

```
default_value.foo_deprecated_13(this='that')
```

Prints your parameter

**This function has a deprecation decorator set to '0.13'.**

#### Parameters

**this**

[str] This is the string parameter that should be printed.

```
default_value.foo_two_params(bar='hello', baz='world')
```

Joins two strings with a space between them.

**This function has a no deprecation decorator.**

#### Parameters

**bar**

[str] The first word to join.

**baz**

[str] The second word to join.

```
default_value.foo_two_params_deprecating(bar='bonjour', baz='monde')
```

Joins two strings with a space between them.

**This function has a deprecation decorator set to '0.16'.**

#### Parameters

**bar**

[str] The first word to join.

**baz**

[str] The second word to join.

#### Warns

##### FutureWarning

In release 0.16 of my super lib, this function will take on new default value(s) for the following keyword argument(s):

*bar* : 'bonjour' -> 'hello'

*baz* : 'monde' -> 'world'

To avoid this warning in your code, specify the value of all listed keyword arguments.

```
default_value.foo_two_params_redux(bar='bonjour', baz='monde')
```

Joins two strings with a space between them.

**This function has a no deprecation decorator.**

#### Parameters

**bar**

[str] The first word to join.

**baz**

[str] The second word to join.

#### Warns

##### FutureWarning

In release 0.16 of my super lib, this function will take on new default value(s) for the following keyword argument(s):

*bar* : 'bonjour' -> 'hello'

To avoid this warning in your code, specify the value of all listed keyword arguments.

##### FutureWarning

In release 0.17 of my super lib, this function will take on new default value(s) for the following keyword argument(s):

*baz* : 'monde' -> 'world'

To avoid this warning in your code, specify the value of all listed keyword arguments.

## 4.2 Keyword only deprecation

This is how the docstrings will appear if you decide to deprecate positional arguments to keyword.

```
kwonly.foo_new(zap='zip', *, bar='hello', baz='world')
```

Adds bar and baz

**The decorator will infer the old order of the paramters.**

### Parameters

**bar: str**

a string

**baz: str**

an other python object.

**zap: str**

zaps everything to dust

### Returns

**result: str**

the sum of the zapping.

### Warns

#### FutureWarning

In release 0.15 of my super lib, the argument(s):

*bar, baz*

will become keyword-only arguments. To avoid this warning, provide all the above arguments as keyword arguments.

```
kwonly.foo_new_keep_signature(zap='zip', bar='hello', baz='world')
```

Adds bar and baz

**You can choose to keep the old signature.**

### Parameters

**bar: str**

a string

**baz: str**

an other python object.

**zap: str**

zaps everything to dust

### Returns

**result: str**

the sum of the zapping.

### Warns

#### FutureWarning

In release 0.15 of my super lib, the argument(s):

*bar, baz*

will become keyword-only arguments. To avoid this warning, provide all the above arguments as keyword arguments.

`kwonly.foo_new_swap_arguments(zap='zip', *, baz='world', bar='hello')`

Adds bar and baz

**You can even swap the order of the arguments, though you should specify how they were ordered.**

#### Parameters

**bar: str**

a string

**baz: str**

an other python object.

**zap: str**

zaps everything to dust

#### Returns

**result: str**

the sum of the zapping.

#### Warns

##### FutureWarning

In release 0.15 of my super lib, the argument(s):

*bar, baz*

will become keyword-only arguments. To avoid this warning, provide all the above arguments as keyword arguments.

`kwonly.foo_old(zap='zip', bar='hello', baz='world')`

Adds bar and baz

#### Parameters

**bar: str**

a string

**baz: str**

an other python object.

**zap: str**

zaps everything to dust

#### Returns

**result: str**

the sum of the zapping.



## 4.3 Keyword only deprecation

This is how the docstrings will appear if you decide to deprecate positional arguments to keyword.

```
kwarg_name . foo_new(zap='zip', foo='hello', baz='world')
```

Adds bar and baz

**The decorator will infer the old order of the paramters.**

### Parameters

**foo: str**

a string

**baz: str**

an other python object.

**zap: str**

zaps everything to dust

### Returns

**result: str**

the sum of the zapping.

### Warns

#### FutureWarning

In release 0.15 of my super lib, the following keyword arguments can only be referred by their new names. For now, both names are accepted as valid:

‘foo’ refers to the old keyword argument ‘bar’

To avoid this warning, provide all the listed keyword arguments using their new names.

```
kwarg_name . foo_new_swap_arguments(zap='zip', *, foo='world', wap='hello')
```

Adds bar and baz

**You can even swap the order of the arguments, though you should specify how they were ordered.**

### Parameters

**foo: str**

a string

**wap: str**

an other python object.

**zap: str**

zaps everything to dust

### Returns

**result: str**

the sum of the zapping.

### Warns

#### FutureWarning

In release 0.15 of my super lib, the following keyword arguments can only be referred by their new names. For now, both names are accepted as valid:

‘foo’ refers to the old keyword argument ‘baz’ ‘wap’ refers to the old keyword argument ‘bar’

To avoid this warning, provide all the listed keyword arguments using their new names.

```
kwargs_name.foo_old(zip='zip', bar='hello', baz='world')
```

Adds bar and baz

#### Parameters

**bar: str**

a string

**baz: str**

an other python object.

**zap: str**

zaps everything to dust

#### Returns

**result: str**

the sum of the zapping.

# History

## 0.3.0 (2022.10.30)

- Use packaging instead of distutils for version comparison. Note that this might cause certain versions to fail. Notably, '0.1.dev3' is now older than '0.1'.
- Require Python 3.8.
- New explicit dependency on packaging.

## 0.2.4 (2018.08.13) \* Apparently numpydoc 0.6 didn't have a `__version__` attribute...

## 0.2.3 (2018.08.13)

- Check for numpydoc 0.7
- Fix a typo in the docstring message

## 0.2.2 (2018.08.12)

- API change. `change_default_parameter` now takes a dictionary for the `old_kwargs` so that parameter names don't conflict

## 0.2.1 (2018.08.12)

- Merge with other numpydocs so that documentation in Sphinx doesn't crash

## 0.2.0 (2018.08.11)

- Provide a deprecator for changing the number of keyword only arguments.

## 0.1.1 (2018.08.09)

- Deprecated arguments appear in order for Python 3.5 as well.

## 0.1.0 (2018.08.09)

- New deprecator for changing the default value of `kwargs`. Handles arguments passed as positional arguments too.

## 0.0.1 (2018-07-29)

- First release on PyPi

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